

1-2 整式の乗法①

1 次の式を展開せよ。

(1)  $4x(2x^2 - xy + 3y^2)$

(3)  $-3x^2(2x^2 + 3x - 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) & 4x(2x^2 - xy + 3y^2) \\ &= \underline{8x^3 - 4x^2y + 12xy^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) & -3x^2(2x^2 + 3x - 1) \\ &= \underline{-6x^4 - 9x^3 + 3x^2} \end{aligned}$$

2 次の式を展開し、 $x$ について降べきの順に整理せよ。

(1)  $(x+3a)(x^2-2ax-a)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= x^3 - 2ax^2 - ax \\ &\quad + 3ax^2 - 6a^2x - 3a^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{= x^3 + ax^2 + (-6a^2 - a)x - 3a^2}$$

(2)  $\left(\frac{a^2}{3} + \frac{ab}{6} - \frac{b^2}{4}\right) \times 12b^2$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) & \left(\frac{a^2}{3} + \frac{ab}{6} - \frac{b^2}{4}\right) \times 12b^2 \\ &= \underline{4a^2b^2 + 2ab^3 - 3b^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) & (2x^2 - 3xy - 4y^2)(-2xy) \\ &= \underline{-4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 8xy^3} \end{aligned}$$

(2)  $(ax^2 + bx + c)(x - d)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= ax^3 + bx^2 + cx \\ &\quad - adx^2 - bdx - cd \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{= ax^3 + (b - ad)x^2 + (c - bd)x - cd}$$

3 次の式を展開せよ。

(1)  $(2x+3)^2$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) & (2x+3)^2 \\ &= \underline{4x^2 + 12x + 9} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) & (3x-2y)^2 \\ &= \underline{9x^2 - 12xy + 4y^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$(5) (x+5)(x-5) = \underline{x^2 - 25}$$

$$(6) (x^2+x)^2 = \underline{x^4 + 2x^3 + x^2}$$

$$(7) (2a+5b)(2a-5b) = \underline{4a^2 - 25b^2}$$

$$(8) (6x-y)(6x+y) = \underline{36x^2 - y^2}$$

$$(9) (4x-y)(4x+y) = \underline{16x^2 - y^2}$$

(2)  $(2-a)^2$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) & (2-a)^2 \\ &= \underline{4 - 4a + a^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) & (-2a+5b)^2 \\ &= \underline{4a^2 - 20ab + 25b^2} \end{aligned}$$

(3)  $(3x-2y)^2$

(6)  $(x^2+x)^2$

(9)  $(4x-y)(y+4x)$

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4 次の式を展開せよ。

- (1)  $(x+3)(2x+1)$       (2)  $(2a-1)(3a-2)$       (3)  $(2x+3)(3x-4)$   
 (4)  $(2x+5a)(3x-2a)$       (5)  $(3x-2y)(4x+5y)$       (6)  $(5a+2b)(3a-5b)$   
 (7)  $(-2a+b)(7a-2b)$       (8)  $(4-3x)(8-5x)$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) & (x+3)(2x+1) \\ &= 2x^2 + x + 6x + 3 \\ &= \underline{2x^2 + 7x + 3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) & (2a-1)(3a-2) \\ &= 6a^2 - 4a - 3a + 2 \\ &= \underline{6a^2 - 7a + 2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) & (2x+3)(3x-4) \\ &= 6x^2 - 8x + 9x - 12 \\ &= \underline{6x^2 + x - 12} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) & (2x+5a)(3x-2a) \\ &= 6x^2 - 4ax + 15ax - 10a^2 \\ &= \underline{6x^2 + 11ax - 10a^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (5) & (3x-2y)(4x+5y) \\ &= 12x^2 + 15xy - 8xy - 10y^2 \\ &= \underline{12x^2 + 7xy - 10y^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (6) & (5a+2b)(3a-5b) \\ &= 15a^2 - 25ab + 6ab \\ & \quad - 10b^2 \\ &= \underline{15a^2 - 19ab - 10b^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (7) & (-2a+b)(7a-2b) \\ &= -14a^2 + 4ab + 7ab - 2b^2 \\ &= \underline{-14a^2 + 11ab - 2b^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (8) & (4-3x)(8-5x) \\ &= 32 - 20x - 24x + 15x^2 \\ &= \underline{15x^2 - 44x + 32} \end{aligned}$$

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$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$(a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

$$(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$$

$$(ax+b)(cx+d) = acx^2 + (ad+bc)x + bd$$

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