

1 次の和を求めよ。

(1)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (2k+3)$

(2)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (k^2+k)$

(3)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (k^2-6k+5)$

(4)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (k^3-4k)$

(5)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (k+1)(k-2)$

(6)  $\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (k^2-5k)$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \sum_{k=1}^n (2k+3) &= 2 \sum_{k=1}^n k + \sum_{k=1}^n 3 \\ &= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) + 3n \\ &= \underline{n(n+4)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 + \sum_{k=1}^n k &= \frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(2n+1) + \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) \\ &= \frac{1}{6} n(n+1) \{ (2n+1) + 3 \} \\ &= \underline{\frac{1}{3} n(n+1)(n+2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 - 6 \sum_{k=1}^n k + \sum_{k=1}^n 5 &= \frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(2n+1) - 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) + 5n \\ &= \frac{1}{6} n \{ (n+1)(2n+1) - 6(n+1) + 30 \} \\ &= \frac{1}{6} n(2n^2 - 15n + 13) \\ &= \underline{\frac{1}{6} n(2n-13)(n-1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) \sum_{k=1}^n k^3 - 4 \sum_{k=1}^n k &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) \right\}^2 - 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} n^2 (n+1)^2 - 2n(n+1) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} n(n+1) \{ n(n+1) - 8 \} \\ &= \underline{\frac{1}{4} n(n+1)(n^2+n-8)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (5) \sum_{k=1}^n (k^2 - k - 2) &= \frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(2n+1) - \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) - 2n \\ &= \frac{1}{6} n \{ (n+1)(2n+1) - 3(n+1) - 12 \} \\ &= \frac{1}{6} n(2n^2 - 14) \\ &= \underline{\frac{1}{3} n(n^2 - 7)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (6) \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} k^2 - 5 \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} k &= \frac{1}{6} (n-1) \{ (n-1)+1 \} \{ 2(n-1)+1 \} - 5 \times \frac{1}{2} (n-1) \{ (n-1)+1 \} \\ &= \frac{1}{6} (n-1)n(2n-1) - \frac{5}{2} (n-1)n \\ &= \underline{\frac{1}{3} n(n-1)(n-8)} \end{aligned}$$

2 数列 1・4, 3・7, 5・10, 7・13, …… の初項から第 n 項までの和を求めよ。

1, 3, 5, 7, ..., 2n-1

4, 7, 10, 13, ..., 3n+1

∴ 2 数列の第 n 項は  $(2n-1) \times (3n+1) = 6n^2 - n - 1$

$$\begin{aligned} S &= \sum_{k=1}^n (6k^2 - k - 1) \\ &= 6 \cdot \frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(2n+1) - \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) - n \\ &= \frac{1}{2} n \{ 2(n+1)(2n+1) - (n+1) - 2 \} \\ &= \underline{\frac{1}{2} n(4n^2 + 5n - 1)} \end{aligned}$$

3 次の和を求めよ。

(1)  $1 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 5 + \dots + n(2n-1)$

(2)  $1^2 \cdot 3 + 2^2 \cdot 4 + 3^2 \cdot 5 + \dots + n^2(n+2)$

$$(1) \sum_{k=1}^n k(2k-1)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n (2k^2 - k)$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(2n+1) - \frac{1}{2} n(n+1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} n(n+1) \{ 2(2n+1) - 3 \}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(4n-1)$$

中から順番に  
計算可。

$$(2) \sum_{k=1}^n k^2(k+2)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n (k^3 + 2k^2)$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) \right\}^2 + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(2n+1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} n^2(n+1)^2 + \frac{1}{3} n(n+1)(2n+1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} n(n+1) \{ 3n(n+1) + 4(2n+1) \}$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} n(n+1)(3n^2 + 11n + 4)$$

4 和  $\sum_{n=1}^l \left( \sum_{k=1}^n k \right)$  を求めよ。

$$\sum_{n=1}^l \left( \sum_{k=1}^n k \right) = \sum_{n=1}^l \left( \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^l \left( \frac{1}{2} n^2 + \frac{1}{2} n \right)$$

$$(5式) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^l n^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^l n$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{6} l(l+1)(2l+1) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} l(l+1) = \frac{1}{6} l(l+1)(l+2)$$

5 次の数列の第  $k$  項  $a_k$  と、初項から第  $n$  項までの和  $S_n$  を求めよ。

1, 1+3, 1+3+9, 1+3+9+27, ……

$$a_k = 1 + 3 + 9 + \dots + 3^{k-1}$$

$$= \frac{1 \cdot (3^k - 1)}{3 - 1} = \frac{1}{2} (3^k - 1)$$

$$S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n a_k$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^n 3^k - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^n 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3(3^n - 1)}{3 - 1} - \frac{1}{2} n$$

$$S_n = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} (3^n - 1) - \frac{1}{2} n$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \{ (3 \cdot 3^n - 3) - 2n \}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (3^{n+1} - 2n - 3)$$

<今日のふりかえり>

