

1 逆関数の微分法の公式を用いて、次の関数について、 $\frac{dy}{dx}$ を x の式で表せ。

(1) $(y+2)^2 = x+5$

(2) $x = y^2 - 2y$

(1) $(y+2)^2 = x+5$

両辺 y について微分

$$2(y+2) = \frac{dx}{dy}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2(y+2)}$$

$$(y+2)^2 = x+5 \Rightarrow$$

$$y+2 = \pm \sqrt{x+5}$$

よって

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\pm 2\sqrt{x+5}}$$

(2) $x = y^2 - 2y$

両辺 y について微分

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = 2y - 2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2y-2}$$

$$x = y^2 - 2y \Rightarrow$$

$$y^2 - 2y - x = 0$$

$$y = 1 \pm \sqrt{1+x}$$

$$y-1 = \pm \sqrt{1+x}$$

よって

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\pm 2\sqrt{1+x}}$$

2 次の関数について、 $\frac{dy}{dx}$ を x の式で表せ。

(1) $x = y^2 - 2y$

両辺 y について微分

$$(2) \quad x = y^2 - 2y + 1$$

両辺 y について微分

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = 2y - 2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2y-2}$$

(2) $x = y^2 + y + 1$

$$y^2 + y + 1 - x = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$y = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4(1-x)}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{4x-3}}{2}$$

$$2y = -1 \pm \sqrt{4x-3}$$

$$2y+1 = \pm \sqrt{4x-3} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\pm \sqrt{x-3}}$$

3 $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^3+1}$ の逆関数 $f^{-1}(x)$ の $x = \frac{1}{9}$ における微分係数を求めよ。

$$y = f^{-1}(x) \text{ と } f(x) = \frac{1}{x^3+1}$$

$$x = f(y) = \frac{1}{y^3+1}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{y^3+1}$$

両辺 y について微分

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = -\frac{3y^2}{(y^3+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{(y^3+1)^2}{3y^2}$$

詳しくは動画を確認!!

$$x = \frac{1}{9} \text{ と } \frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{y^3+1}$$

$$y^3+1 = 9$$

$$y^3 = 8$$

$$y = 2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{(2^3+1)^2}{3 \cdot 2^2}$$

$$= -\frac{27}{4}$$

4 次の関数を微分せよ。逆関数とか関係なく、様々な微分の練習です。

(1) $y = (x-2)^2(x-3)^3$

(2) $y = (x+2)(x-1)(x-5)$

(3) $y = \frac{2x^2+x-1}{\sqrt{x}}$

(4) $y = \frac{x}{(2x-3)^2}$

(5) $y = \left(\frac{x}{x+1}\right)^3$

(6) $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+3}}$

(7) $y = 2x\sqrt{x^2+1}$

(8) $y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$

(9) $y = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}$

(10) $y = \sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}$

(11) $y = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-x}}$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad y' &= 2(x-2)(x-3)^3 + (x-2)^2 \cdot 3(x-3)^2 \\ &= (x-2)(x-3)^2 \{ 2(x-3) + (x-2) \cdot 3 \} \\ &= (x-2)(x-3)^2 (5x-12) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad y' &= 1 \cdot (x-1)(x-5) + (x+2) \cdot 1 \cdot (x-5) + (x+2)(x-1) \cdot 1 \\ &= x^2 - 6x + 5 + x^2 - 3x - 10 + x^2 + x - 2 = 3x^2 - 8x - 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad y' &= \frac{(4x+1)\sqrt{x} - (2x^2+x-1) \cdot (x^{\frac{1}{2}})'}{x} \\ &= \frac{(4x+1)\sqrt{x} - (2x^2+x-1) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}{x} = \frac{2(4x+1)x - (2x^2+x-1)}{2x\sqrt{x}} \\ &= \frac{8x^2+2x-2x^2-x+1}{2x\sqrt{x}} = \frac{6x^2+x+1}{2x\sqrt{x}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) \quad y' &= \frac{1 \cdot (2x-3)^2 - x \cdot 2(2x-3) \cdot 2}{(2x-3)^4} \\ &= \frac{2x-3-4x}{(2x-3)^3} = \frac{-2x-3}{(2x-3)^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$(5) \quad y' = 3 \left(\frac{x}{x+1}\right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{x+1}\right)' = 3 \left(\frac{x}{x+1}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{x+1-x}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{3x^2}{(x+1)^4}$$

$$(6) \quad y = (x^2+3)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{2} (x^2+3)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 2x = -\frac{x}{(x^2+3)\sqrt{x^2+3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (7) \quad y' &= 2\sqrt{x^2+1} + 2x \times \left\{ \frac{1}{2} (x^2+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2x \right\} \\ &= 2\sqrt{x^2+1} + \frac{2x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} = \frac{4x^2+2}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$(8) \quad y' = \frac{1 \cdot \sqrt{1-x^2} - x \cdot (\sqrt{1-x^2})'}{1-x^2} = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} - x \cdot \frac{-2x}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{1-x^2}$$

$$(9) \quad \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$(10) \quad y = (x+x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2} (x+x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \times \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}} \times \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right) = \frac{2\sqrt{x}+1}{4\sqrt{x^2+x\sqrt{x}}}$$

$$(11) \quad y = \sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(1+x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}(1-x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \times (-1) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+x}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x}}$$