

テーマ：
積と商の導関数（解説）



1 次の関数を微分せよ。

(1) $y = 2x^5 + 3x^4 - 5x^2 + 1$

(3) $y = (x^2 + 1)(x^2 - x - 3)$

(2) $y = -3x^7 + 5x^3 - 4x$

(4) $y = (x^3 + x)(x^2 - 2)$

2 次の関数を微分せよ。

(1) $y = (x - 2)^2(x - 3)^3$

(2) $y = (x + 2)(x - 1)(x - 5)$

3 次の関数を微分せよ。

(1) $y = \frac{1}{3x - 1}$

(2) $y = \frac{x}{x^2 + 1}$

(3) $y = \frac{x - 2}{x^2 + x + 1}$

(4) $y = \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{2x - 3}$

[4] 次の関数を微分せよ。

(1) $y = \frac{1}{x+1}$

(2) $y = \frac{2x}{x+3}$

(3) $y = \frac{1}{x^2-1}$

(4) $y = \frac{x-1}{x^2+1}$

(5) $y = \frac{x}{x^2-x+1}$

(6) $y = \frac{x^3-4x+1}{x-2}$

[5] 次の関数を微分せよ。

(1) $y = 2x^4 + 3x^3 + 4x^2 - 5$

(2) $y = (x^2 + 3x)(x^2 - 2)$

(3) $y = (x^2 - 2x - 3)(x^2 + 4)$

(4) $y = (x-1)(x+2)(x-3)$

(5) $y = \frac{1}{x^4}$

(6) $y = \frac{x^2 + 3x - 2}{x}$

(7) $y = \frac{x-2}{x^2}$

(8) $y = \frac{1}{x^2 - 3x + 2}$

(9) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$

(10) $y = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 2}{x^2 + 1}$

1 次の関数を微分せよ。

(1) $y = 2x^5 + 3x^4 - 5x^2 + 1$

(3) $y = (x^2 + 1)(x^2 - x - 3)$

(3) $y = (x^2 + 1)(x^2 - x - 3)$

$$y' = 2x(x^2 - x - 3) + (x^2 + 1)(2x - 1)$$

$$= 2x^3 - 2x^2 - 6x + 2x^3 - x^2 + 2x - 1$$

$$= 4x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x - 1$$

$$\underline{\underline{y' = 4x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x - 1}}$$



2 次の関数を微分せよ。

(1) ~~$y = (x-2)^2(x-3)^3$~~

(2) $y = (x+2)(x-1)(x-5)$

(2) $y = (x+2)(x-1)(x-5)$

$$y = \{(x+2)(x-1)\}(x-5)$$

$$y' = \underline{\underline{\{(x+2)(x-1)\}'}}(x-5) + \underline{\underline{(x+2)(x-1)}} \times \underline{\underline{(x-5)'}}$$

$$= \{(x+2)'(x-1) + (x+2)(x-1)'\}(x-5) + (x+2)(x-1) \times (x-5)'$$

$$= \{(x-1) + (x+2)\}(x-5) + (x+2)(x-1)$$

$$= 3x^2 - 8x - 7$$

$$\underline{\underline{y' = 3x^2 - 8x - 7}}$$



3 次の関数を微分せよ。

$$(1) y = \frac{1}{3x-1}$$

$$(2) y = \frac{x}{x^2+1}$$

$$(3) y = \frac{x-2}{x^2+x+1}$$

$$(3) y = \frac{x-2}{x^2+x+1}$$

$$y' = \frac{(x-2)'(x^2+x+1) - (x-2)(x^2+x+1)'}{(x^2+x+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{x^2+x+1 - (x-2)(2x+1)}{(x^2+x+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-x^2+4x+3}{(x^2+x+1)^2}$$



< 公式 >

$$\textcircled{1} \{ f(x)g(x) \}' = f'(x)g(x) + f(x)g'(x)$$

① ⇒ ③ は
次回で!!

$$\textcircled{1}' \{ f(x)g(x)h(x) \}' = f'(x)g(x)h(x) + f(x)g'(x)h(x) + f(x)g(x)h'(x)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \left\{ \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right\}' = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{\{g(x)\}^2}$$

$f(x) = 1$ の場合、 $\textcircled{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{g(x)} \right\}' = -\frac{g'(x)}{\{g(x)\}^2}$ は $\frac{1}{g(x)}$ の導関数。

