

6-12 接線の方程式①

1 次の曲線上の点 A における接線と法線の方程式を求めよ。

(1)  $y = \frac{1}{x+1}$  A(1,  $\frac{1}{2}$ )

(2)  $y = \sqrt{x-2}$  A(6, 2)

(3)  $y = \sqrt{25-x^2}$  A(-3, 4)

(4)  $y = \cos x$  A( $\frac{\pi}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$ )

(5)  $y = e^x$  A(-1,  $\frac{1}{e}$ )

(6)  $y = \log x$  A(e, 1)

(1)  $y' = \frac{-1}{(x+1)^2}$   $x=1 \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{1}{4}$

$y - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{4}(x-1)$

$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{3}{4}$

(法)  $y - \frac{1}{2} = 4(x-1)$

$y = 4x - \frac{7}{2}$

(2)  $y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x-2}}$

$x=6 \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{4}$

$y - 2 = \frac{1}{4}(x-6)$   $y = \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{2}$

(法)  $y - 2 = -4(x-6)$

$y = -4x + 26$

(3)  $y' = \frac{-2x}{2\sqrt{25-x^2}} = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}$

$x=-3 \Rightarrow y' = \frac{3}{4}$

$y - 4 = \frac{3}{4}(x+3)$

(法)  $y - 4 = -\frac{4}{3}(x+3)$

$y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{25}{4}$

$y = -\frac{4}{3}x$

(4)  $y' = -\sin x$   $x = \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  (5)  $y' = e^x$   $x=0 \Rightarrow y' = 1$

$y' = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$y - \frac{1}{e} = \frac{1}{e}(x+1)$

$y - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(x - \frac{\pi}{3})$

$y = \frac{1}{e}x + \frac{2}{e}$

$y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}\pi + \frac{1}{2}$

(法)  $y - \frac{1}{e} = -e(x+1)$

(法)  $y - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}(x - \frac{\pi}{3})$

$y = -ex - e + \frac{1}{e}$

$y = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}x - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{9}\pi + \frac{1}{2}$

(6)  $y' = \frac{1}{x}$   $x=e \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{e}$

$y - 1 = \frac{1}{e}(x-e)$

(法)  $y - 1 = -e(x-e)$

$y = \frac{1}{e}x$

$y = -ex + e^2 + 1$

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2) 次の曲線上の点 A における接線と法線の方程式を求めよ。

(1)  $x^2 + 3y^2 = 6$  A( $\sqrt{3}$ , -1)

(2)  $\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{y^2}{2} = 1$  A( $\sqrt{6}$ , 1)

(3)  $xy = 2$  A(-1, -2)

(4)  $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 7$  A(9, 16)

(1)  $x^2 + 3y^2 = 6$  の場合

$x = \sqrt{3}, y = -1$  のとき

$2x + 6y \cdot y' = 0$

$y' = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

(法線)

$6y \cdot y' = -2x$

$y - (-1) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}(x - \sqrt{3})$

$x \neq 0$  のとき

$y' = -\frac{x}{3y}$

$y = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}x - 2$

$y - (-1) = -\sqrt{3}(x - \sqrt{3})$

(4)  $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 7$  の場合

$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y}} \cdot y' = 0$

$x = 9, y = 16$  のとき

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} y' = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

$y' = -\frac{4}{3}$

$x \neq 0, y \neq 0$  のとき

$y' = -\sqrt{\frac{y}{x}}$

$y - 16 = -\frac{4}{3}(x - 9)$

$y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 28$

(法線)  $y - 16 = \frac{3}{4}(x - 9)$

$y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{27}{4}$

(2)  $\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{y^2}{2} = 1$  の場合

$x = \sqrt{6}, y = 1$  のとき

(法線)

$y - 1 = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}(x - \sqrt{6})$

$y = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}x + 3$

(3)  $xy = 2$  の場合

$y - x \cdot y' = 0$

$x = -1, y = -2$  のとき

$x \neq 0$  のとき

$y' = -\frac{y}{x}$

$y' = -\frac{-2}{-1} = -2$

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3 次の曲線上の点 A における接線と法線の方程式を求めよ。

(1)  $y = x + \sqrt{x}$  A(1, 2)

$$(1) y' = 1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$x = 1 \Rightarrow y' = 1 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$y - 2 = \frac{3}{2}(x - 1)$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$$

(法線)

$$y - 2 = -\frac{2}{3}(x - 1)$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}$$

(2)  $y^2 = 2x$  A(8, 4)

$$(2) 2y \cdot y' = 2$$

$$y \neq 0 \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{y} \quad x=8, y=4 \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$y - 4 = \frac{1}{4}(x - 8)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x + 2$$

(法線)

$$y - 4 = -4(x - 8)$$

$$y = -4x + 36$$

4 媒介変数  $t$  で表された次の曲線について、( ) 内の  $t$  の値に対応する点における接線の方程式を求めよ。

(1)  $\begin{cases} x = 2 - t \\ y = t^2 + 3 \end{cases} (t = 1)$

(2)  $\begin{cases} x = 3\cos t \\ y = 2\sin t \end{cases} (t = \frac{\pi}{4})$

$$(1) \frac{dx}{dt} = -1, \frac{dy}{dt} = 2t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2t \quad t = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = -2$$

$$x = 1 \Rightarrow y = 4$$

$$y - 4 = -2(x - 1)$$

$$y = -2x + 6$$

$$(2) \frac{dx}{dt} = -3\sin t, \frac{dy}{dt} = 2\cos t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2\cos t}{3\sin t} = -\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{\tan t}$$

$$t = \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow x = 3\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$y = 2\sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$y - \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = -\frac{2}{3} \left( x - \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2\sqrt{2}$$